

ENGINEER CANDIDATE CERTIFICATION

ENGINE COMPANY OPERATIONS - CHANGE OVER HOSE LAY

4" SUPPLY LINE, 150' 1 ¾" WITH SOF, 1 ½" NOZZLE

GPM SETTINGS: 30,60,95,125,150,175 OR 200, HIGH RISE FOG NOZZLE @ 75PSI INCLUDING7/8" SLUG TIP @ 50PSI AND SMOOTH BORE NOZZLE WITH STACKED TIPS

MAXIMUM TIME: 6:45

TASK #	V TASK
1	Wear Proper PPE
	Wear appropriate clothing and footwear for incident
	• Do not wear helmet in the cab
2	Check for crew and apparatus security/seat belts before apparatus moves
	 All compartment and crew doors closed
	 All crew seated and wearing seat belts
	 Once Spring Brake is released, check for door and seatbelt warning lights
3	Turn on emergency lights and headlights (Opticom ON while driving Code-3)
	 Must turn on headlights and all warning lights
4	Spot apparatus within 3 feet of cone as directed by Rater
5	Set both Spring Brake and Front Parking Brake CRITICAL ERROR
	Time Starts
6	Place road transmission into "Neutral"
	 Must be done before engaging the pump
7	Shift pump selector from Road to Pump
	 Pump engaged indicator light illuminates
8	Shift transmission from "Neutral" to "Drive"
	 Listen for audible indicators signifying that the pump is engaged
	Check both (Pump Engaged & OK to Pump) green indicator lights are on (Indicates ready to
	pump)
9	Exit Cab
	Take helmet, portable radio, and other PPE
10	Ensure "Tank to Pump" valve is open
11	Engineer's Panel
	 Check green light on pump panel is on and ready to pump
	Open radio door
	Turn volume up to audible level

• Turn volume up to audible level

TASK 🗸	TASK
12	Place wheel block on left rear tire, front and back, with collapsible wheel blocks locked open, prior to
	throttling up CRITICAL ERROR
	CORRECT PLACEMENT:
	Forward and rear of wheel
	 Wheel blocks should be in complete alignment with tire
	Square to tread
13	Verbally and visually, check for firefighter readiness and signal for water. Properly return signal
14	Open the correct discharge valve slowly and completely
15	Deliver correct calculated pump pressure for hose lay (see relief valve procedures below)
	Pump pressure under or over 15 psi of correct pressure is unacceptable CRITICAL ERROR
	 Use the discharge gauge to determine correct pressure reading because of possible
	differences between the main gauges and the discharge gauges
16	Confirm correct pressure and water flow with personnel on hand line(s)
	 Utilize radio, voice, or hand signals to verify pressure with personnel on the line(s)
17	Correctly set discharge pressure relief valve - Calculated pressure is Below 150 psi
	 Adjust relief valve counterclockwise until pressure drops on the discharge gauge and amber
	light comes on indicating the relief valve is open (listen for bypassing water)
	 Gradually turn the relief valve clockwise until discharge gauge needle is steady at desired
	discharge pressure and amber light goes off indicating the relief valve is closed and set
18	Correctly set discharge pressure relief valve - Calculated pressure is Above 150 psi
	 Adjust the relief valve clockwise to raise pressure above calculated discharge pressure
	Deliver correct pump pressure
	• Turn the relief valve counterclockwise until pressure drops on the discharge gauge and amber
	light comes on indicating the relief valve is open (listen for bypassing water)
	Gradually turn the relief valve clockwise until discharge gauge needle is steady at desired
	discharge pressure and amber light goes off indicating the relief valve is closed and set
19	Pull 4" hose from hose bed to hydrant
	May bring hydrant spanner now or after returning from apparatus to make connections
20	Break 4" line, placing coupling under tailboard
	Place hose from bed under tailboard after breaking connection on 4" line
	Make engine connections first CRITICAL ERROR
21	Make intake connection by adding a 25', 50', or 100' length of 4" supply line
	It is up to the engineer to choose which length of hose to complete the supply line
22	Return to hydrant, make connections, and open slowly
23	Notify firefighter that you will be "changing over" water supply
	This can be done upon returning to apparatus
	Done before changeover is attempted
24	Bleed air from supply line, close bleeder valve when air is removed
	Done before changeover is attempted
25	Throttle down to idle
	Done before opening the intake valve

TASK 🔪 #	TASK
26	Open 4" intake slowly and completely
	Green Light indicates valve is fully open
27	Close the "Tank to Pump" valve CRITICAL ERROR
28	Note the intake static pressure on the suction gauge
-	Available flow from hydrant cannot be calculated at this time
	 Available flow can only be calculated with an additional line(s) flowing
29	Deliver correct pump pressure for hose lay
	Pump pressure under or over 15 psi of calculated pressure is unacceptable CRITICAL ERROR
	Use discharge gauge for reading because of possible differences in main gauges and discharge
	gauges
30	Visually check that firefighter has water flowing
31	Open recirculation line for pump cooling
32	Note the residual pressure on the suction gauge
33	Monitor water level in tank and fill tank if necessary
	May be done visually or by indicator lights
	Ensure tank is full
	Continue with operation after opening tank fill valve
	 Compensate by increasing throttle for additional discharge (tank fill) being opened
	 Shut down when full and compensate by reducing throttle for discharge (tank fill) being shut down
34	Monitor all Engineer panel gauges
54	 Touch and verbalize each gauge (RPM, Oil Pressure, Engine Water Temp, Etc.)
	 Open the Engine Cooler valve to provide more engine cooling <u>only</u> if the engine overheats
35	Check pump for overheating; visualize Overheat indicator light
55	• If cooling becomes necessary; open the tank fill to re-circulate water in the pump and adjust
	pump pressure if necessary
	 In extended pumping operations this is an ongoing check
	 High pump water temperature may lead to cavitation
36	Check pump for signs of cavitation
	 Listen for sounds like gravel circulating in the pump
	When detected:
	 Reduce discharge flow by gating down
	Reduce engine RPM
	Prime the pump to remove accumulated air and steam
37	Close all doors and secure loose equipment
38	Remove all kinks from hose lines, tighten leaking couplings
39	Visually check under apparatus for fluid leaks or other signs of failure
40	Notify Rater that the evolution is complete by CLEARY CALLING "TIME"

TASK

CHANGE OVER HOSE LAY – CRITICAL ERRORS Any critical error constitutes a failure

SAFETY VIOLATION

Errors that could cause injury, be life threatening or cause property damage

EXAMPLES:

- Failing to set parking brakes and vehicle rolls after seat belt is removed from driver
- Fails to place Wheel Blocks
- Failing to recognize transmission is in ROAD and throttles up (Green light on dash and/or pump panel OFF)
- Running pump dry
- Opening discharge valve and charging hose before nozzle person is in ready position
- Opening discharge value in a manner causing water hammer that unbalances the nozzle person or adversely effects the appliance to which the hose in connected
- A continuous discharge from an incorrect discharge without corrective action
- Opening an incorrect discharge wetting personnel or having water shoot the across street
- Runs tank out of water
- Excessively high engine RPM without corrective action
- Backing apparatus without assistance
- Vehicle rolls while equipment is being removed
- Attempts to supply water via the apparatus water tank
- Fails to close the Tank to Pump valve

Fails to complete hose lay as outlined

Fails to deliver water before exercise is stopped

- If candidate indicates that the evolution is complete, the candidate cannot go back and correct the error of not delivering water
- Rater may stop exam for excess time

Pump pressure is not within 15 pounds of correct pressure

EXAMPLE: If calculated pressure is 150 psi, the candidate must have a pressure between 135 and 165. A pressure of 134 or lower, or 166 or higher is unacceptable.

If at any time, which could include prior to or after any portion of this evolution, the Rater determines that your actions create a hazard which may result in injury to any person, damage to property, other vehicles, or the apparatus you will be IMMEDIATELY disqualified from any certification process and asked to turn the apparatus over to the Rater

#	TASK
CHANGE	EOVER HOSE LAY – Shut Down Procedures
1.	Confirm with Rater on shut down of operations
	Check verbally and visually
	Utilize radio if necessary
2.	Verbally and visually inform firefighter on the hose line of shutdown
	Utilize radio, voice, or hand signals
	• Signal properly for shutdown and pick up (Arms away from the body at sides. Then swing arms
	across the body in front. Repeat until acknowledged)
3.	Throttle down to idle slowly
	 Before closing the discharge valve and disengaging the pump
4.	Close discharge valve(s)
	 Do not continue to next step with this valve(s) open
	 Marked as an error if candidate continues to next step and has left the valve(s) open
5.	Check water tank level, refill if necessary
	 Physically look in tank on top of apparatus or for water discharging from overflow on tires
	Do not rely solely on panel lights or gauges
6.	Open Tank to Pump Valve
7.	Close Intake Valve
8.	Have hydrant shut down and secured
	Bleed water pressure from line
9.	Reset Discharge Pressure Relief Valve using approved method
	Can be done using Tank to Pump valve as a water source and Tank Fill valve as a discharge
10.	Close open valve (Tank to Pump, Tank Fill)
	Must be done before entering cab to shut down
11.	Close recirculation valve
12.	Shift transmission to "Neutral"
	 Should be done early in shutdown procedure particularly if water has been shut off
	Do not allow pump to run hot or while dry (empty)
13.	Wait for 5 seconds to allow the transmission to wind down
	Grinding of gears will occur if not done correctly. Do Not let gears grind
14.	Shift pump from Pump to Road
15.	Turn off all emergency lights if safe to do so
16.	Shut down engine, if safe to do so
17.	Turn on 4-way flashers
18.	Relieve pressure on the pump
	Can be done using Tank Fill or open a discharge/intake valve and corresponding bleeder valve
19.	Secure all equipment and the apparatus (nozzles, hose, compartment doors, etc.)

• All equipment should be returned to same compartment where it was originally found

TASK #	V TASK
20.	Perform Safety walk around
	 Verify all previous steps are completed and perform any that were missed
	 Wheel blocks must be securely stowed before entering cab
21.	Notify Rater that the apparatus is "Road Ready"
	 Except for picking up wheel blocks and leaving on 4-way flashers

NOTES: